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Westminster, May 17.

THIS Day, the Lords being met, a Message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by Sir Francis Molyneux, Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorized by Virtue of His Majesty's Commission, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate Attendance of this Honourable House in the House of Peers, to hear the Commission read*; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, impowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great-Britain, the Lord President of the Council, and several other Lords therein mentioned, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for granting an additional Duty upon Tobacco and Snuff; and for repealing certain Duties payable upon the Importation of Brandy and Arrack, and for granting other Duties in Lieu thereof.

An Act for the preventing of Bribery and Corruption in the Election of Members to serve in Parliament for the Borough of Cricklade, in the County of Wilts.

An Act for allowing the Importation of Goods, of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of the Islands of Saint Christopher, Nevis, and Montserrat, into any Ports of His Majesty's Dominions in Europe or America, upon Payment of the British Plantation Duties.

An Act for further continuing an Act made in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for exempting the City of Winchester, the County of Southampton, the Town of Shrewsbury, and the County of Salop, out of the Provisions of an Act made in the Eighth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for regulating the Quartering of Soldiers during the Time of the Elections of Members to serve in Parliament, so far as the same relates to the Removal of Troops during the Elections of Members to serve in Parliament, for a limited Time.

An Act for building a Stone Bridge cross the River of Thames, from the Parish of Ealing in the County of Middlesex, to the opposite Shore, in the Hamlet of Kew in the County of Surrey.

An Act to revive and continue an Act, passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act to regulate the Loading of Ships with Coals in the Ports of Newcastle and Sunderland.

An Act for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Parishes of Broseley, Benthall, Madeley, Barrow, Linley, Willey, Little Wenlock, and Dawley, and an extra-parochial Place, called Posnall, in the County of Salop.

An Act for making a Passage for Carriages from Spital Fields to Bishopsgate Street, in the County of Middlesex, and for paving the same, and for appropriating to those Purposes the Money arisen by Virtue of an Act passed in the Eighteenth Year of His present Majesty, for applying the Sum of Nine Thousand Pounds to arise out of the Orphans Fund for making such Passage.

An Act for amending the Pavement in, and for lighting some of the Streets, Lanes, Ways, and Places, in the Parishes of Saint Margaret and Saint John the Evangelist, in Westminster, which are at present excluded from the Provisions of an Act passed in the Eleventh Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act to amend and render more effectual several Acts made relating to paving, cleansing, and lighting the Squares, Streets, Lanes, and other Places within the City and Liberty of Westminster, and Parts adjacent; and for preventing Nuisances and Annoyances in and near the same; and for making an Opening from Old Bond-street, and widening some Part of Wood street, and of Little Peter-street.

An Act for amending, widening, and keeping in Repair, the Road from Wrexham, in the County of Denbigh, to Barnhill, in the County of Chester.

An Act for repairing and widening the Road from Tarporley, in the County Palatine of Chester, to Acton Bridge, near Weverham, in the same County.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of so much of an Act, made in the Second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for repairing and widening the High Road leading from Ashborne, in the County of Derby, to the Town of Leek, in the County of Stafford, and from Ryecroft Gate, upon Rushton Common, to Congleton, in the County of Chester, and also the Road leading from Blyth Marsh, in the County of Stafford, through Cheadle, Oakamoor, and Blore, to the Turnpike Road from Ashborne to Buxton, near Thorp, in the County of Derby, as relates to the District of Road between Ashborne and Congleton, and for repairing the Road from the End of Ashborne Church Yard to the Top of The Dig Street, in Ashborne aforesaid.

An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, passed in the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of King George the Second, for repairing the Roads from the Town of Brecon to the Parish of Brobury, and to Whitney Passage, in the County of Hereford; and for building a Bridge over the River Wye, at Bredwardine Passage, in the same County; so far as relates to such of the Roads, comprized in the said Act, as lie in the County of Hereford.

An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, passed in the Second Year of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from the Turnpike Road at Wey Hill, in the County of Southampton, to the Turnpike Road at Lyde Way in the County of Wilts.

An Act to continue the Term, and alter the Powers of an Act, made in the Twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for repairing and widening the Roads leading from a Pond belonging to Henry Eyre, Esquire, in the Parish of White Parish, in the County of Wilts, to the Top of Dunwood Hill, and from thence, over Great Bridge, and Middle Bridge, through Romsey Infra, to Hundred Bridge, in the County of Southampton, and from thence to the County of the Town of Southampton.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act made in the First Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the Borough of Appleby, in the County of Westmorland, through the Township of Orton, to Kirby Kendall, and from Orton to the Turnpike Road near Shapp, and from Highgate, near Tebay, in a Part of the Highway between Appleby and Kirby Kendall, through the Town of Kirby Steven, to the Town of Market Brough, in the said County.

And to Two Private Bills.

By the KING,

A PROCLAMATION,

For apprehending Thomas Lewin, Esquire.

GEORGE R.

WHEREAS, on the First Day of this Instant May, Complaint being made to the House of Commons, that Lewin, Esquire, (late Secretary to the Council at Madras, at the Time John Whitehill, Esquire, was Governor of that Presidency) having been ordered by the Committee of Secrecy, appointed to enquire into the Causes of the War that now subsists in the Carnatic, and of the present Condition of the British Possessions in

th ſe Parts, to attend the ſaid Committee on the preceding Day, and alſo on the Firſt Day of this Inſtant May, had neglected ſo to do; it was thereupon ordered by the ſaid Houſe of Commons, that Thomas Lewin, Eſquire, ſhould be taken into Cuſtody of the Serjeant at Arms attending the ſaid Houſe of Commons: And whereas the ſaid Serjeant at Arms having been called upon to give an Account of what had been done in relation to the taking the ſaid Thomas Lewin, Eſquire, and the Meſſenger who was ſent in Search of him being called in and examined, and having acquainted the Houſe that he had withdrawn himſelf and was not taken, an humble Addreſs has been preſented to Us by the Knights, Citizens, and Burgeſſes, and the Commiſſioners for Shires and Burghs, in Parliament aſſembled, that We would be graciouſly pleaſed to iſſue Our Royal Proclamation for apprehending the ſaid Thomas Lewin, with a Promiſe of a Reward for the ſame; We have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to iſſue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby requiring and commanding all Our loving Subjects whatſoever, to diſcover and apprehend, or cauſe the ſaid Thomas Lewin to be diſcovered and apprehended, and to carry him before ſome of Our Juſtices of the Peace, or Chief Magiſtrates of the County, Town, or Place, where he ſhall be apprehended, who are reſpectively required to ſecure the ſaid Thomas Lewin, and thereof give ſpeedy Notice to One of Our Principal Secretaries of State, to the End he may be forthcoming to be dealt withal and proceeded againſt according to Law.—And for the Prevention of an Eſcape of the ſaid Thomas Lewin into Parts beyond Seas, We do require and command all Our Officers of the Cuſtoms, and other Our Officers and Subjects of and in Our reſpective Ports, and Maritime Towns and Places within Our Kingdom of Great Britain, that they and every of them, in their reſpective Places and Stations, be careful and diligent in the Examination of all Perſons that ſhall paſs or endeavour to paſs beyond the Seas, and if they ſhall diſcover the ſaid Thomas Lewin, then to cauſe him to be apprehended and ſecured, and to give Notice thereof as aforeſaid: And We do hereby ſtrictly charge and command all Our loving Subjects, as they will anſwer the contrary at their Perils, that they do not any ways conceal, but do diſcover him the ſaid Thomas Lewin, to the End he may be ſecured: And for the Encouragement of all Perſons to be diligent and careful, in endeavouring to diſcover and apprehend the ſaid Thomas Lewin, We do hereby further declare, that whoſoever ſhall diſcover and apprehend the ſaid Thomas Lewin, and ſhall bring him the ſaid Thomas Lewin before ſome Juſtice of the Peace, or Chief Magiſtrate as aforeſaid, ſhall have and receive, as a Reward for the diſcovering, apprehending, and bringing the ſaid Thomas Lewin before ſuch Juſtice of the Peace, or Chief Magiſtrate as aforeſaid, the Sum of Five Hundred Pounds, which Our Commiſſioners of Our Treaſury are hereby required and directed to pay accordingly.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, the Seventeenth Day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, in the Twenty-ſecond Year of Our Reign.

GOD ſave the KING.

AT the Court at St. *James's*, the 17th of *May*, 1782,

PRESENT,

The KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

WHEREAS the Time limited by His Majeſty's Order in Council of the 15th of February laſt, for prohibiting the Exporting out of this Kingdom, or carrying Coaſtwiſe, Gunpowder, Saltpetre, or any Sort of Arms or Ammunition, will expire on the 23d Day of this Inſtant May: And whereas it is judged expedient that the ſaid Prohibition ſhould be continued for ſome Time longer, except in thoſe Caſes where (for the Benefit and Advantage of Trade, and for the Uſe and Defence of Ships trading to Foreign Parts, and of the Tranſports and Victualling Veſſels employed in His Majeſty's Service) His Majeſty, by His ſeveral Orders in Council of the 13th and 27th of October, and of the 6th and 22d of November, 1775, of the 5th and 19th of February, and the 23d of Auguſt and 25th of September, 1776, of the 16th of April, the 13th of Auguſt, and the 3d and 10th of October, 1777, of the 19th of June, the 7th and 26th of Auguſt, and the 10th of September, 1778, and of the 17th of May, 1780, has thought proper to permit and allow the Exportation of, and carrying Coaſtwiſe, Gunpowder, Saltpetre, Arms and Ammunition, under certain Conditions and Reſtrictions mentioned in the ſaid Orders: His Majeſty doth therefore, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, hereby order, require, prohibit, and command, that no Perſon or Perſons whoſoever (except the Maſter-General, Lieutenant-General, or Principal Officers of the Ordnance, for His Majeſty's Service) do, at any Time during the Space of Three Months, to commence from the ſaid 23d Day of this Inſtant May, preſume to tranſport into any Parts out of this Kingdom, or carry Coaſtwiſe, any Gunpowder, Saltpetre, or any Sort of Arms or Ammunition, or ſhip or lade any Gunpowder, Saltpetre, or any Sort of Arms or Ammunition, on Board any Ship or Veſſel, in order to tranſporting the ſame beyond the Seas, or carrying the ſame Coaſtwiſe, except in the Caſes comprized within the aforementioned Orders in Council, without Leave or Permiſſion in that Behalf firſt obtained from His Majeſty or His Privy Council, upon Pain of incurring and ſuffering the reſpective Forfeitures and Penalties inflicted by an Act paſſed in the 29th Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, entituled, "An Act "to impower His Majeſty to prohibit the Ex- "portation of Saltpetre, and to enforce the Law "for empowering His Majeſty to prohibit the "Exportation of Gunpowder, or any Sort of "Arms and Ammunition; and alſo to impower "His Majeſty to reſtrain the carrying Coaſtwiſe "of Saltpetre, Gunpowder, or any Sort of Arms "or Ammunition."—And the Lords Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Treaſury, the Commiſſioners for Executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, the Maſter-General of the Ordnance, and His Majeſty's Secretary at War, are to give the neceſſary Directions herein, as to them may reſpectively appertain.

W. Fawkener.

St. James's, May 17.

Lord Viſcount Lewiſham is appointed one of the Gentlemen of the Bed-chamber, and Lieutenant Colonel Hulſe, one of the Grooms of the Bed chamber, to his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales.

Admiralty-Office, May 18, 1782.

LORD Cranſtoun, One of the Captains of His Majeſty's Ship the Formidable, and Captain Byron, of the Andromache, in which Ship his Lordſhip came a Paſſenger, arrived early this Morning with Diſpatches from Admiral Sir George Bridges Rodney, Bart. Knight of the Bath, and Commander in Chief of His Majeſty's Ships at the Leeward Iſlands, to Mr. Stephens, of which the following are Copies.

Formidable, at Sea, April 14, 1782.

SIR,

IT has pleaſed God, out of His Divine Providence, to grant to His Majeſty's Arms a moſt complete Victory over the Fleet of His Enemy, commanded by the Count de Graſſe, who is himſelf captured with the Ville de Paris, and Four other Ships of his Fleet, beſides One ſunk in the Action.

This important Victory was obtained on the 12th Inſtant, after a Battle which laſted with unremitting Fury from Seven in the Morning till Half paſt Six in the Evening, when the ſetting Sun put an End to the Conteſt.

Both Fleets have greatly ſuffered; but it is with the higheſt Satisfaction I can aſſure their Lordſhips, that though the Maſts, Sails, Rigging, and Hulls of the Britiſh Fleet are damaged, yet the Loſs of Men has been but ſmall, conſidering the Length of the

the Battle, and the close Action they so long sustained, and in which both Fleets looked upon the Honor of their King and Country to be most essentially concerned.

The great Supply of Naval Stores lately arrived in the West Indies will, I flatter myself, soon repair all the Damages His Majesty's Fleet has sustained.

The gallant Behaviour of the Officers and Men of the Fleet I have the Honour to command has been such as must for ever endear them to all Lovers of their King and Country.

The noble Behaviour of my Second in Command Sir Samuel Hood, who in both Actions most conspicuously exerted himself, demands my warmest Encomiums; my Third in Command Rear-Admiral Drake, who, with his Division, led the Battle on the 12th Instant, deserves the highest Praise; nor less can be given to Commodore Affleck for his gallant Behaviour in leading the Center Division.

My own Captain, Sir Charles Douglas, merits every Thing I can possibly say: His unremitted Diligence and Activity greatly eased me in the unavoidable Fatigue of the Day.

In short, I want Words to express how sensible I am of the meritorious Conduct of all the Captains, Officers and Men, who had a Share in this glorious Victory, obtained by their gallant Exertions.

The Enemy's whole Army, consisting of 5500 Men, were on board their Ships of War: The Destruction among them must be prodigious, as, for the greatest Part of the Action, every Gun told; and their Lordships may judge what Havock must have been made, when the Formidable fired near Eighty Broadsides.

Enclosed I have the Honor to send for their Inspection the British and French Lines of Battle, with an Account of the Killed and Wounded, and Damages sustained by His Majesty's Fleet.

Lord Cranston, who acted as one of the Captains of the Formidable during both Actions, and to whose gallant Behaviour I am much indebted, will have the Honor of delivering these Dispatches: To him I must refer their Lordships for every minute Particular they may wish to know, he being perfectly Master of the whole Transaction.

That the British Flag may for ever flourish in every Quarter of the Globe, is the most ardent Wish of him who has the Honor of being, with great Regard, Sir,

Your most obedient humble Servant,

G. B. RODNEY.

Philip Stephens, Esq;

A List of the French Ships taken.

La Ville de Paris, 110 Guns; had on board in the Engagement 1300 Men.

	Guns.	Men.	Soldiers.
Le Glorieux	74	750	150
Le Cæsar	74	750	150
Le Hector	74	750	150
L'Ardent	64	650	100

One sunk, Name unknown.

Prothee 64
Glorieux 74
Hector 74
Ville de P. 110
Pegasus 74
Ardent 64
Ardent 64

LINE OF BATTLE.

The Royal Oak to lead on the Starboard Tack, and the Marlborough on the Larboard.

Frigates	Rate	Ships	Commanders	Guns	Men	Division
	3d	Royal Oak	Captain Burnett	74	600	
	—	Alfred	—— Bayne	74	600	
† Lizard	—	Montagu	—— Bowen	74	600	
	—	Yarmouth	—— Parry	64	500	
† La Nymphe	—	Valiant	—— Goodall	74	650	
Champion to repeat Signals	2d	Barfleur	Sir Sam. Hood, Bart. Captain Knight	90	767	Rear-Admiral Sir Samuel Hood, Bart.
Zebra	3d	Monarch	—— Reynolds	74	600	
	—	Warrior	—— Sir Ja. Wallace	74	600	
	—	Belliqueux	—— Sutherland	64	500	
	—	Centaur	—— Inglefield	74	650	
	—	Magnificent	—— Linzee	74	600	
Alecto	—	Prince William	—— Wilkinson	64	500	
† Convert	—	Bedford	Commodore Affleck Captain Graves	74	617	
Endymion	—	Ajax	—— Charrington	74	550	
Alarm	—	Repulse	—— Dumaresq	64	500	
Andromache	—	Canada	—— Hon. William Cornwallis	74	600	
† Fortunée	—	St. Alban's	—— Inglis	64	500	
Flora to repeat Signals	2d	Namur	—— Panshawe	90	750	Sir George Bridges Rodney, Bart. &c. &c. &c. Commander in Chief.
Alert	—	Formidable	Sir G. B. Rodney, Bt. Sir Cha. Douglas, Bt. First Captain Captain Symons	90	750	
† Sybil	—	Duke	—— Gardner	90	750	
† Pegasus	3d	Agamemnon	—— Caldwell	64	500	
	—	Resolution	—— Rt. Hon. Ld. Robert Manners	74	600	
† Salamander	—	Prothee	—— Buckner	64	500	
	—	Hercules	—— Savage	74	600	
	—	America	—— S. Thompson	64	500	
† Germaine	—	Russel	—— Saumarez	74	600	
	—	† Prudent	—— Barklay	64	500	
† Blast	—	Fame	—— Barbor	74	550	
	—	Anson	—— Blair	64	500	
	—	Torbay	—— Gidoin	74	600	
Triton	2d	Prince George	—— Williams	90	750	
Eurydice, to repeat Signals	3d	Princessa	Fran. Sam. Drake, Esq; Captain Knatchbull	70	577	Rear-Adm. Drake, &c. &c. &c.
	—	Conqueror	—— Balfour	74	600	
† Santa Monica	—	Nonsuch	—— Truscott	64	500	
	—	Alcide	—— C. Thompson	74	600	
	—	Arrogant	—— Cornish	74	600	
	—	Marlborough	—— Penny	74	600	

All Accidental Frigates to be opposite the Center Division.

N. B. Those marked † not with the Fleet during the Actions.

A Liſt of the French Fleet in Port Royal Bay, April 2, 1782.

		Guns
——	La Ville de Paris	110
	L'Auguſte	80
	Le Duc de Burgogne	80
	Le Languedoc	80
*	Le St Eſprit	80
S	La Couronne	80
	Le Neptune	80
S*	Le Triomphante	80
	Le Zélé	74
——	Le Glorieux	74
	Le Citoyen	74
	Le Souverain	74
	Le Magnanime	74
——	Le Cæſar	74
——	Le Hector	74
S*	Le Brave	74
	Le Pluton	74
	Le Hercule	74
	Le Scipion	74
	Le Burgogne	74
*	Le Deſtian	74
S	Le Dauphin Royal	74
S	Le Magnifique	74
*	Le Reflechie	64
	Le Bien Aimé	74
	Le Sceptre	74
	Le Northumberland	74
	Le Conquerant	74
	Le Marſeillois	74
	Le Palmier	74
——	L'Ardent	64
	L'Eveillé	64
——	Le Caton	64
——	Le Jaſon	64
	Le Fier, Armeé en Flute	54
	Le Minotaur, Ditto	74
	Le Sagittaire	54
	L'Experiment	50

Total. 36 Sail of the Line, Two 50 Gun Ships, 13 Frigates, 7 Armed Brigs of the King's, 2 Fireſhips, 1 Cutter.

* Out of Repair.

S* Joined at St. Kitts.

S Arrived with the Breſt Convoy.

Return of the Killed and Wounded in the Ships under the Command of Sir George Bridges Rodney, K. B. &c. &c. &c. on the 9th and 12th of April, 1782.

Royal Oak, Capt. Burnett. ——Mr. Gwatkin, Firſt Lieutenant, killed, Captain of Marines wounded; 7 Seamen killed, 29 wounded.

Alfred, Capt. Bayne.——Capt. Bayne killed; 11 Seamen killed, 40 wounded.

Montagu, Capt. Bowen.——Mr. William Cade, Maſter, killed, Lieuts. Breedon and Buchan, of Marines, wounded; 11 Seamen killed, 29 wounded.

Yarmouth, Capt. Parrey.——14 Seamen killed, 33 wounded.

Valiant, Capt Goodall.——Mr. Richard Wimbleton, Second Lieutenant, killed; Mr. William Brown, Fifth Lieutenant, and Mr. Backhouſe, Maſter, wounded; 9 Seamen killed, 26 wounded.

Barfleur, Sir Samuel Hood, Bart. Capt. Knight —— 10 Seamen killed, 37 wounded.

Monarch, Capt. Reynolds.——16 Seamen killed, 33 wounded.

Warrior, Capt. Sir James Wallace.——Mr. Stone, Maſter, wounded; 5 Seamen killed, 20 wounded.

Belliqueux, Capt. Sutherland.——4 Seamen killed; 10 wouuded.

Centaur, Capt. Inglefield.——No Returns, having a Prize in Tow, and not joined.

Magnificent, Capt. Linzee.——Capt. Bagg of Marines wounded; 6 Seamen killed, 10 wounded.

Prince William, Capt. Wilkinſon.—— None killed or wounded.

Bedford, Commodore Affleck, Capt. Graves.—— 17 Seamen wounded.

Ajax, Capt. Charrington.——Mr. John Elliot, Firſt Lieutenant, Mr. Thomas Roſſiter, Pilot, wounded; 9 Seamen killed, 38 wounded.

Repulſe, Capt. Dumareſq.——Captain of Marines, and Maſter, wounded; 3 Seamen killed, 9 wounded.

Canada, Hon. William Cornwallis.——12 Seamen killed, 23 wounded.

St. Albans, Capt. Inglis.——6 Seamen wounded.

Namur, Capt. Fanſhawe.——6 Seamen killed, 23 wounded.

Formidable, Sir George Bridges Rodney, Bart &c. Sir Charles Douglas, Bart. Firſt Captain, Capt. Symons, the Right Hon. Lord Cranſton.—— Lieut. Hele killed; Capt. Bell and Lieut. Harris, of Marines, wounded; 14 Seamen killed, 37 wounded.

Duke, Capt. Gardner.——Lieut. Corniſh, Mr. Cooper, Maſter, Mr. Scott, Boatſwain, wounded; 13 Seamen killed, 57 wounded.

Agamemnon, Capt. Caldwell.——Lieuts. Incledon and Brice, wounded; the latter ſince dead; 14 Seamen killed, 22 wounded.

Reſolution, Capt. the Right Hon. Lord Robert Manners.——The Right Hon. Lord Robert Manners wounded; 4 Seamen killed, 34 wounded.

Prothée, Capt. Buckner.——Mr. Thomas Love, Maſter, wounded; 5 Seamen killed, 24 wounded.

Hercules, Capt. Savage.——Lieut. Hobart killed, Capt Savage wounded; 6 Seamen killed, 18 wounded.

America, Capt. S. Thompſon.——Lieut. Collowhill killed, Lieut. Trelawney wounded.

Ruſſel, Capt. Saumarez.——10 Seamen killed, 29 wounded.

Fame, Capt. Barber.——3 Seamen killed, 12 wounded.

Anſon, Capt. Blair.——Capt. Blair killed; 2 Seamen killed, 13 wounded.

Torbay, Capt. Gidoin.——Lieut. Mounier of Marines killed; 9 Seamen killed, 25 wounded.

Prince George, Capt. Williams.——9 Seamen killed, 24 wounded.

Princeſſa, Francis Samuel Drake, Eſq; Capt. Knatchbull.——Lieuts. Dundaſs and M'Douall, and Lieut. Laban of Marines, wounded; 3 Seamen killed, 19 wounded.

Conqueror, Capt. Balfour.——7 Seamen killed, 23 wounded.

Nonſuch, Capt. Truſcott.——3 Seamen killed, 3 wounded.

Alcide, Capt C. Thompſon.——No Returns, having a Prize in Tow, and not joined.

Arrogant, Capt. Corniſh.——None killed or wounded.

Marlborough, Capt. Penny.——3 Seamen killed, 16 wounded.

Total 230 killed.——759 wounded.

Formidable, at Sea, April 14, 1782.

SIR,

I MUST deſire you will pleaſe to acquaint their Lordſhips, that notwithſtanding the Diſpoſition I had made of His Majeſty's Fleet under my Command, which were ſtationed to Windward of the French Iſlands in a Line ſtretching from the Latitude of Deſiada to the Latitude of St. Vincent's, with a Line of Frigates to Windward, which their Lordſhips may perceive, by the Diſpoſition of the Fleet I have the Honour to encloſe, and which Diſpoſition was thought by every Officer of the Fleet to be ſuch as to render it impoſſible for any Convoy bound to the French Iſlands to eſcape, yet notwithſtanding the Vigilance of every Captain and Officer, the Enemy found Means to eſcape by making the Iſland of Deſiada, and creeping cloſe under Guadaloupe and Dominique, they arrived ſafe in the Bay of Fort-Royal on the 20th and 21ſt of March.

Information having been given me of this unlucky Event, I thought it my Duty to return to the Bay of Gros Iſlet, St. Lucia, where I had ordered the Storeſhips, Victuallers, and Trade bound to Jamaica to rendezvous.

On my Arrival in that Bay every Diſpatch poſſible was made in refitting the Fleet, and taking in Stores and Proviſions to Five Months of all Species for the whole Fleet. A watchful Eye being kept the whole Time on the French Fleet in the Bay of Fort-Royal, as I knew that Count de Graſſe would haſten the refitting his Fleet, and take the firſt Opportunity of proceeding to the Place of his Deſtination.

On the 5th of April I received Intelligence that the Enemy were embarking their Troops on Board the Ships of War, and concluded they intended to ſail in a very few Days.

Captain Byron of the Andromache, an active, briſk and diligent Officer, watched their Motions with

with ſuch Attention, that on the 8th Inſtant at Day light he made the Signal of the Enemy's coming out, and ſtanding to the North Weſt, I inſtantly made the Signal to weigh, and having looked into the Bays of Fort Royal and St. Pierre's, where no Enemy's Ships remained, I made the Signal for a general Chace, and before Day-light came up with the Enemy under Dominique, where both Fleets were becalmed, and continued ſo for ſome Time. The Enemy firſt got the Wind and ſtood towards Guadaloupe: My Van Diviſion under that gallant Officer Rear-Admiral Sir Samuel Hood received it next and ſtood after them. At Nine the Enemy began to cannonade my Van, which was returned with the greateſt Briſkneſs.

The baffling Winds under Dominique did not permit Part of the Center Diviſion to get into Action with the Enemy's Rear till Half paſt Eleven, and then only the Ship next to me in the Line of Battle.

Their Lordſhips may eaſily imagine the Mortification it muſt have been to the Sixteen gallant Officers commanding the Ships of the Rear, who could only be Spectators of an Action in which it was not in their Power to join, being detained by the Calms under Dominique.

The Enemy's Cannonade ceaſed upon my Rear's Approach, but not before they had done conſiderable Damage to the Ships of the Van, and diſabled the Royal Oak and Montague, and His Majeſty had loſt a gallant Officer, viz. Captain Bayne of the Alfred, and a Number of Officers and Seamen, as mentioned in the Account tranſmitted to their Lordſhips; but ſuch was the ſteady Behaviour of Sir Samuel Hood and the Ships of the Van, that the Enemy received more Damage than they occaſioned.

The Night of the 9th Inſtant the Fleet lay-to to repair their Damages. The 10th they continued to turn to Windward under an eaſy Sail, the Enemy's Fleet continuing to do the ſame, and always had it in their Power to come to Action, which they moſt cautiouſly avoided, and rendered it impoſſible for me to force them in the Situation they were in, between the Saints and the Iſland of Dominique. On the 11th of April, the Enemy having gained conſiderably to Windward, and the Wind blowing a freſh and ſteady Gale, I made the Signal for a general Chace to Windward, which continued the whole Day. Towards Sun-ſet, ſome of the headmoſt Ships of the Fleet had approached near to one of the Enemy's Ships that had received Damage in the late Action, and had certainly taken her, if Count de Graſſe had not bore down with his whole Fleet for her Protection, which brought him ſo near, that I flattered myſelf he would give me an Opportunity of engaging him the next Day. With that View I threw out the Signal for the Form of ſailing, and ſtood with the whole Fleet to the Southward till Two o'Clock in the Morning; then tacked, and had the Happineſs at Day light to find my moſt ſanguine Deſire was near being accompliſhed, by my having it in my Power to force the Enemy to Battle. Not one Moment was loſt in putting it into Execution: The Conſequence has been ſuch as I have had the Honour to repreſent in my former Letter of this Day; and can ſay no more, than that too much Praiſe cannot be given to the gallant Officers and Men of the Fleet I had the Honour to command.

I have the Honour to be with great Regard,

SIR,

Your moſt obedient and moſt humble Servant,

G. B. RODNEY.

N. B. Lord Cranſton and Captain Byron relate, that the Ceſar, one of the captured Ships, ſoon after ſhe was taken Poſſeſſion of took Fire by Accident and blew up, and a conſiderable Number of the People on board her unfortunately periſhed; and that Lord Robert Manners died in his Paſſage Home in the Andromache.

Whitehall, May 18, 1782.

On Thurſday laſt Captain Ball arrived with Diſpatches from the Eaſt Indies, containing a Confirmation of the Surrender by Capitulation, on the 12th of November laſt, of the Fort of Negapatnam, the principal Settlement of the Dutch on the Coaſt of Coromandel;

And alſo of the taking of Trincomale Fort, in the Iſland of Ceylon, on the 11th of January laſt, with Two Dutch Eaſt India Ships from Batavia lying in the Harbour.

The whole of the Proceedings in the Reduction of theſe Places, with the Capitulation, Returns, &c. &c. being very voluminous, are obliged to be deferred till the Supplement, which will be publiſhed forthwith.

Admiralty-Office, May 16, 1782.

HIS late Majeſty having been graciouſly pleaſed, by his Warrant under his Royal Sign Manual, dated the 10th Day of June, 1733, to eſtabliſh certain Rules and Orders for the Relief of Poor Widows of Commiſſion and Warrant Officers of the Royal Navy: Theſe are to give Notice, that Copies of the ſaid Rules and Orders are lodged with the Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Navy at Chatham, Portſmouth, and Plymouth; as alſo with the Clerks of the Cheſque at Deptford, Woolwich, and Sheerneſs; and with the Naval Officers at Harwich, Deal, and Kinſale; where all ſuch Widows as intend to lay in their Claims, may be informed of all Particulars which entitle them to the Benefit of the ſaid Charity, and receive the proper Certificates for that Purpoſe. But ſuch Widows as live at too great a Diſtance from the Places abovementioned, may apply by Letter to Mr. Belſon, at the Admiralty Office, who will ſend them all neceſſary Information. And the Governors of the ſaid Charity intending to diſtribute to the Widows of Sea-Officers who died before the 30th of Auguſt, 1732, as well as to the Widows of thoſe who died ſince that Time, whoſe Circumſtances come within the Rules of the Eſtabliſhment, ſuch Monies as may be due to them on the 31ſt of May inſtant; This is to give Notice, that any Widows who have not yet applied, and intend to lay in their Claims, may do ſo as ſoon as poſſible; and that all ſuch Widows, whoſe Claims have been already allowed, may ſend or bring to this Office, as ſoon as poſſible, the Affidavits required by the Rules, in order to their being continued upon the Penſion or Bounty.

Plymouth, May 10, 1782.

NOtice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of His Majeſty's Ship the Stag, and Viper Cutter, who were actually on Board at the Retaking of the Peggy Sloop and Hope Cutter, in Auguſt laſt, that a Diſtribution will be made of the nett Proceeds of the Salvage and Head money, to the Stag's Officers and Company, on Board the ſaid Ship at Plymouth, on Monday the 20th Inſtant; and to the Viper's Officers and Company on her firſt Arrival at Plymouth. The Shares not then demanded will be recalled the Firſt Thurſday in every Month (after the reſpective Payments) for Three Years to come, at Mr. Hartwell's Houſe in Plymouth Dock.

B. Hartwell, *Agent.*

CHARLES Newby and Frederick Crowther, of Poland-ſtreet in the Pariſh of S. James within the Liberty of Weſtminſter in the County of Middleſex, Apothecaries, do hereby give Notice, that the Partnerſhip lately ſubſiſting between them was, by mutual Conſent, diſſolved on the 30th Day of April laſt; and all Perſons indebted to the ſaid Partnerſhip are requeſted to pay their reſpective Debts to the ſaid Charles Newby only; and all Perſons who have any Demands on the ſaid Partnerſhip are deſired to ſend in their Accounts to him, in order that they may be diſcharged. Witneſs our Hands, this 3d Day of May, 1782.

Cha. Newby.
Fred. Crowther.

NOtice is hereby given, that the Copartnerſhip between Frances Gore and Elizabeth Milton, of Lower Brook-ſtreet, Groſvenor-ſquare, in the County of Middleſex, Milliners, was this Day diſſolved by mutual Conſent: As witneſs their Hands, this 16th Day of May, 1782.

Frances Gore.
Eliza Milton.

TO be peremptorily ſold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before William Weller Pepys, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Symond's inn, Chancery-lane, London, on Friday the 21ſt Day of June next, between the Hours of Five and Seven of the Clock in the Afternoon, A Leaſehold Meſſuage ſituate in the Eaſt Row of Queen-ſquare in the City of Briſtol, with large Warehouſes and Lofts, and a Coach houſe and Stable thereto adjoining, now in the Tenure of Mr. Ames Hellicar, Commiſſion-factor, and held by Leaſe from the Corporation of Briſtol. Particulars whereof may be had by applying at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers; of Mr. Foot, Attorney, Sherborne, Dorſetſhire; or to Mr. Barbor, Attorney, Fetter-lane, London.

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AVERAGE PRICES of CORN,

From May 6, to May 11, 1782.

By the Standard WINCHESTER Buſhel of Eight Gallons.

	Wheat.		Rye.		Barley.		Oats.		Beans.	
	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
London,	5	6	2	7	2	5	1	7	2	6
COUNTIES INLAND.										
Middleſex,	5	5	——		2	8	2	3	2	11
Surry,	5	8	——		2	3	2	1	3	5
Hertford,	5	9	——		2	3	2	0	3	1
Bedford,	5	6	3	8	2	2	1	8	2	9
Cambridge,	5	4	2	10	2	2	1	6	2	5
Huntingdon,	5	3	——		2	1	1	6	2	6
Northampton,	5	1	3	8	2	6	1	6	2	10
Rutland,	4	10	——		2	4	1	6	2	7
Leiceſter,	5	0	3	3	2	6	1	6	2	11
Nottingham,	4	11	2	11	2	8	1	5	2	9
Derby,	5	3	——		2	8	1	7	3	3
Stafford,	5	8	——		2	8	1	9	3	4
Salop,	5	11	3	9	2	9	1	8	3	1
Hereford,	5	5	——		2	10	1	10	3	0
Worceſter,	5	4	——		2	10	1	11	2	10
Warwick,	5	9	——		2	8	1	10	2	11
Glouceſter,	6	1	——		2	4	1	10	3	0
Wilts,	6	11	——		2	5	1	9	3	6
Berks,	5	7	——		2	1	1	11	2	9
Oxford,	5	11	——		2	4	1	10	3	0
Bucks,	5	6	——		2	4	1	11	2	11
COUNTIES upon the COAST.										
Eſſex,	5	10	——		2	3	1	11	2	9
Suffolk,	5	3	2	7	2	0	1	7	2	7
Norfolk,	5	4	2	6	1	9	1	7	——	
Lincoln,	4	9	2	8	2	1	1	6	2	6
York,	5	1	3	2	2	3	1	7	2	8
Durham,	5	7	——		2	2	1	4	2	11
Northumberland,	4	8	3	3	2	3	1	5	2	8
Cumberland,	5	0	3	1	2	3	1	5	3	0
Weſtmorland,	5	9	3	4	——		1	7	——	
Lancaſhire,	5	9	——		2	3	1	9	3	3
Cheſhire,	5	10	——		2	9	1	7	——	
Monmouth,	6	7	——		2	10	1	10	——	
Somerſet,	6	10	——		3	3	2	0	3	1
Devon,	6	7	——		3	1	1	6	——	
Cornwall,	6	4	——		3	2	1	9	——	
Dorſet,	6	2	——		2	3	1	10	3	5
Hampſhire,	5	5	——		2	2	1	10	3	2
Suſſex,	5	1	——		2	2	1	7	2	8
Kent,	5	3	——		2	4	1	10	2	4

From April 29, to May 4, 1782.

WALES.										
North Wales,	5	7	4	1	2	6	1	4	3	2
South Wales,	5	9	4	0	2	4	1	3	2	2

Part of SCOTLAND.

Wheat.		Rye.	Barley.		Oats.		Beans.	Big.	
4	0	——	1	10	1	8	——	1	10

Publiſhed by Authority of Parliament,

John James Catherwood.

CORN-EXCHANGE, LONDON.

RETURNS of CORN *and* GRAIN.

From May 6, to May 11, 1782.

	Quarters.	Price.			Average Price per Quarter.		
		£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Barley	8814	8432	15	6	0	19	2
Beans	497	528	6	4	1	1	3
Malt	5387	8105	18	8	1	10	1
Oats	6683	4926	0	3	0	14	8
Peaſe	874	1174	11	2	1	6	10
Rye	45	48	0	6	1	1	4
Wheat	4517	9708	4	2	2	2	11
Bigg	——	——	—	—	—	—	—
Beer	——	——	—	—	—	—	—

Glaſgow, April 17, 1782.

THE Creditors of William and Walter Tait, Merchants in Glaſgow, having been formerly requeſted, by Notice in the News-papers, to lodge exact Notes of their Debts, and Affidavits to the Verity thereof, againſt Meſſ. Taits, both as in Partnerſhip and Individuals, in the Hands of George Smith, Writer in Glaſgow, betwixt and the 1ſt Day of April inſtant; and as a Number of the ſaid Creditors have failed to comply, the Truſtees in whom the ſequeſtrated Perſonal Eſtates of Meſſ. Taits have been veſted, for Behoof of their Creditors, again intimate to thoſe Creditors who have neglected, that unleſs they lodge ſuch Claims and Affidavits in the Hands of the ſaid George Smith, on or before the 1ſt Day of June next, the Funds in the Truſtees Hands will be immediately thereafter divided among ſuch Creditors as may have claimed.

JAMES M'Donald, of the City of Carliſle in the County of Cumberland, Hoſier, having aſſigned his Eſtate and Effects to Mr. William Donald, of the ſame Place, Callico-Printer, for the Benefit of himſelf and all other Creditors of the ſaid James M'Donald, who ſhall execute the ſaid Aſſignment before the 16th Day of June next, or who ſhall, before that Time, ſignify to the ſaid Truſtee their Intention of accepting a Dividend under the ſaid Aſſignment: Notice is therefore hereby given, that the ſaid Aſſignment is left with Mr. Little, Attorney, in Carliſle aforeſaid, ready to be executed by the Creditors who are deſirous to execute the ſame; and that all Perſons who ſhall neglect or refuſe to execute the ſame, or ſignify ſuch Intention as aforeſaid, to the ſaid Truſtee, or the ſaid Mr. Little, before the ſaid 16th Day of June next, will be excluded from all Benefit and Advantage under the ſaid Aſſignment.

TO be peremptorily ſold, purſuant to a Decree and ſubſequent Order of the High Court of Chancery, before Peter Hoſford, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Symond's-inn, Chancery-lane, London, on Tueſday the 18th Day of June next, between the Hours of Five and Six of the Clock in the Afternoon, A Freehold Eſtate late belonging to Francis Lloyd, Eſq; deceaſed, conſiſting of a Meſſuage or Farm-houſe, with the Appurtenances, and about 86 Acres of Arable, Meadow, and Paſture Land, thereto belonging; and of a Water Corn Griſt Mill, ſituate in the Pariſh of Llambebly in the County of Carnarvon, called or known by the Name of Frefbeblick Farm, and now in the Occupation of John Williams, under a Leaſe thereof, of which Seven Years and upwards remain unexpired, at the yearly Rent of 120l. For a Particular of the ſaid Eſtate enquire at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers.

TO be ſold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before John Ord, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's-inn, The Real Eſtates of Mrs. Honora Jenkins, deceaſed, conſiſting of the Manors of Skelton, Layton, Sponton, and Ellingthorpe, in the County of York; the Tythes ariſing within the Pariſhes of Skelton and Overton in the ſaid County; and divers Farms and Lands in Skelton, Layton, Sponton, and Ellingthorpe, aforeſaid, let to ſeveral Tenants, at ſeveral yearly Rents, amounting in the Whole to 1600l. and upwards. Particulars of the ſaid Eſtates (which will be ſold in divers Lots) may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers.

TO be peremptorily reſold, purſuant to an Order of the High Court of Chancery, before John Hett, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Symond's-inn, Chancery-lane, London, on the 13th Day of June next, between the Hours of Five and Six o'Clock in the Afternoon, The Scite of the Manor and Farm called Brookſ-end, in the ſeveral Pariſhes of Birchington and Monckton in the Iſle of Thanet and County of Kent, conſiſting of a capital Manſion or Farm-houſe, with Dove-houſes, and all neceſſary Barns, Stables, and Out-buildings, and about 400 Acres of Arable, Meadow, Paſture, and Marſh Land, thereunto belonging, late the Eſtate of John Jones, Eſq; deceaſed, and now lett to John Scoates on Leaſe, which will expire at Michaelmas, 1788. The above Premiſes are held by Leaſe from the Dean and Chapter of Canterbury for Twenty-one Years from Lady-day 1777, at the clear yearly Rent of 22l. 13s. 4d. renewable every Seven Years on paying a Fine to the Dean and Chapter. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers; of Meſſ. Wimbolt and Son, Token-houſe-yard, Lothbury; or Meſſ. Robſon and Norris, Lincoln's-inn; or of Mr. Sawkins, Attorney, Margate.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of James Walker, deceaſed, and of his Partners as Proprietors of the Iron and Tin Manufactory in the County of Pembroke in South Wales, commonly called the Peny Gored Company; and alſo the Creditors of James Walker, (the Son and Executor of the ſaid James Walker, deceaſed) and of the ſeveral other Perſons Proprietors of the ſaid Manufactory, are to come in and prove their Debts before William Graves, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Symond's-inn, Chancery-lane, London, on or before the 5th Day of June next, or in Default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

THE joint Creditors of Richard Farr, Thomas Farr, and Paul Farr, of the City of Briſtol, Merchants and Partners; alſo the joint Creditors of the ſaid Richard Farr and Thomas Farr, of the ſaid City of Briſtol, Merchants and Partners; and the reſpective ſeparate Creditors of the ſaid Richard Farr, Thomas Farr, and Paul Farr, are deſired to meet the Aſſignees appointed under the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt the ſaid Richard Farr, Thomas Farr, and Paul Farr, on the 11th Day of June next, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, at the Aſſembly Coffee-houſe on the Quay, Briſtol, to aſſent to or diſſent from all the joint or Partnerſhip Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Richard Farr, Thomas Farr, and Paul Farr; all the joint or Partnerſhip Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Richard Farr and Thomas Farr; and all the reſpective ſeparate Eſtates and Effects of the ſaid Richard Farr, Thomas Farr, and Paul Farr, being blended and mixed together, brought into Hotchpot, and diſtributed among the joint Creditors of the ſaid Richard Farr, Thomas Farr, and Paul Farr; the joint Creditors of the ſaid Richard Farr, and Thomas Farr; and the reſpective ſeparate Creditors of the ſaid Richard Farr, Thomas Farr, and Paul Farr, promiſcuouſly, rateably, and in Proportion to their reſpective Debts, without Diſtinction; and to the ſaid Aſſignees uſing ſuch Means for effecting the ſame, as their Council ſhall adviſe.

THE Creditors of Thomas Plumer Byde, late of Charlotte-ſtreet, Bloomſbury, in the County of Middleſex, Banker, (a Bankrupt) are deſired to meet the Aſſignees, at the Paul's Head Tavern, in Cateaton-ſtreet, on Friday the 24th Inſtant, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, to take into Conſideration the Propriety of the Aſſignees joining in the Sale of Part of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate; and on other ſpecial Affairs.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors and Legatees of William Lutwyche, late of Lutwyche Hall in the County of Salop, Eſq; deceaſed, are to come in and prove their Debts and claim their Legacies reſpectively, before John Eames, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Symond's-inn, Chancery-lane, London, on or before the 19th Day of June next, or in Default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of John Henry Merttins, late of Threadneedle-ſtreet, London, and of Walens in the County of Eſſex, Eſq; deceaſed, are forthwith to come in and prove their Debts before William Graves, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Symond's-inn, Chancery-lane, London, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Jerningham Cheveley, late of the Six Clerks Office, Chancery-lane, London, Gentleman, deceaſed, are, on or before the 10th of June next, to come in and prove their reſpective Debts before Peter Holford, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Symond's-inn, Chancery-lane, London, or in Default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors and Legatees of Ann Fazakerley, late of Lower Groſvenor-ſtreet in the County of Middleſex, Widow, deceaſed, are to come in and prove their Debts and claim their Legacies reſpectively before John Eames, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Symond's-inn, Chancery-lane, London, on or before the 19th Day of June next, or in Default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

THE Creditors who have proved Debts under a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt Robert Biggin, late of Beddington in the County of Surry, Merchant, Dealer and Chapman, are deſired to meet the Aſſignees of his Eſtate and Effects, on Wedneſday the 29th Inſtant, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, at the George and Vulture Tavern, St. Michael's-alley, Cornhill, on ſpecial Affairs.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt Nathaniel Pierce, of the City of Exeter, Merchant, Dealer and Chapman, are deſired to meet the Aſſignees of his Eſtate, on Monday the 27th of May inſtant, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, at Thompſon's Hotel, in the ſaid City of Exeter, in order to aſſent to or diſſent from the ſaid Aſſignees commencing, proſecuting, or defending, any Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity concerning the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; or to their compounding, ſubmitting to Arbitration, or otherwiſe agreeing, any Matter or Thing relating thereto; and on other ſpecial Affairs.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Roger Watkinſon, late of Ganeſburgh in the County of Lincoln, Merchant, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 23d Day of May inſtant at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, on the 24th Day of the ſame Month at Nine o'Clock in the Forenoon, and on the 29th Day of June next at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Blackmoor's Head Inn, in Ganeſburgh aforeſaid, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees; and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination; and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to John Trevor, Attorney at Law, of Ganeſburgh aforeſaid.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Moſes Zuntz, of Fenchurch-ſtreet, London, Merchant, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 25th Day of May inſtant at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, on the 4th Day of June next at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, and on the 29th Day of the ſame Month, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects, when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Henry Adams, Mark-lane.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued againſt Peter Maber, of Tobacco-roll-court, Grace-church-ſtreet, London, Bay-factor, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 29th Day of May inſtant, and on the 4th and 29th Days of June next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon on each of the ſaid Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Hall, Park-ſtreet, Groſvenor-ſquare.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Iſaac, late of Crooked-lane, London, Money-ſcrivener, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 28th Day of May inſtant, and on the 1ſt and 29th Days of June next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon on each of the ſaid Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chooſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Mitchell, Cook's-court, Carey-ſtreet.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued againſt Thomas Willetts, now or late of Stourbridge in the County of Worceſter, Miller, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 22d and 23d Days of May inſtant, and on the 29th Day of June next, at Eleven in the Forenoon, on each Day, at Mr. Peake's, the Angel Inn, in Birmingnam in the County of Warwick, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chooſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Thomas Homer, of Stourbridge, Gentleman.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Beake, of Oxford-ſtreet in the County of Middleſex, Timber-merchant, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 29th Day of May inſtant, and 3d Day of June next, at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, and on the 29th Day of the ſame Month of June at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Jennings, Shire-lane, Carey-ſtreet.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Howard, of the Pariſh of Letchworth in the County of Hertford, Maltſter, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 28th Day of May inſtant, and on the 8th and 29th Days of June next, at Eleven in the Forenoon on each of the ſaid Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chooſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Meſſ. Tyler and Speck, St. John, Southwark.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued againſt Samuel Yeats, of Alderley in the County of Glouceſter, Clothier, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 29th and 30th Days of May inſtant, on the 29th Day of June next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, on each Day, at the White Hart Inn, in Tewkeſbury in the County of Glouceſter, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Perry, Attorney, in Wotton Underedge.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Bewley Harris, of Clement's-lane, London, Merchant, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 25th Day of May inſtant, and 15th Day of June next, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, and on the 29th Day

of

of the ſame Month at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Brown, Size-lane.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued againſt George Thomſon, of Duke-ſtreet, Weſtminſter in the County of Middleſex, Merchant, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 28th Day of May inſtant, and on the 4th and 29th Days of June next, at Five of the Clock in the Afternoon on each of the ſaid Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Douce, Fenchurch-buildings, Fenchurch-ſtreet, London.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Richard Fitchett, of Bromley in the County of Kent, Butcher, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 25th Day of May inſtant at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, on the 4th Day of June next, at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, and on the 29th Day of the ſame Month at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Berry, Canterbury ſquare, Southwark.

THE Creditors of Edward Yalden, late of the Town of Glaſtonbury in the County of Somerſet, Innholder, Dealer and Chapman, (a Bankrupt) are deſired to meet the Aſſignees of his Eſtate and Effects, on Thurſday the 6th of June next, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Three Tuns Tavern, Corn-ſtreet, Briſtol, to aſſent to or diſſent from the commencing, proſecuting, or defending, one or more Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity concerning the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; or to the compounding, ſubmitting to Arbitration, or otherwiſe agreeing, any Matter or Thing relating thereto; and on other ſpecial Affairs.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt William Turner, formerly of Friday-ſtreet, Cheapſide, in the City of London, (but now of Lexley in the County of Kent) Linen draper, Warehouſeman, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 30th Day of May inſtant, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, at Guildhall, London, in order to receive the Proof of Debts under the ſaid Commiſſion.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt William Bruce, of Long Crandon in the County of Bucks, Shopkeeper, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 8th Day of June next, at Ten in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Henry Payne, of Pall-mall in the Pariſh of St. James Weſtminſter in the County of Middleſex, Bookſeller, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 15th Day of June next, at Ten in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt Edward Yates and John Barnes, of Alderſgate-ſtreet, London, Stationers, Card makers, Dealers and Chapmen, intend to meet on the 8th Day of June next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, to make a Final Dividend of the ſeparate Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Edward Yates; when and where his ſeparate Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt Edward Yates and John Barnes, of Alderſgate-ſtreet, London, Stationers, Card-makers, Dealers and Chapmen, intend to meet on the 8th Day of June next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Final Dividend of the ſeparate Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid John Barnes; when and where his ſeparate Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt Richard Adams, of Drury-lane in the County of Middleſex, Painter, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honourable Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid Richard Adams hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 8th of June next.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt John Baptiſt Rouſſel, late of Artillery ſtreet Spital fields, in the County of Middleſex, Weaver, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honourable Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid John Baptiſt Rouſſel hath in all Things conformed himſelf to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, their Certificate will be allowed and confirmed, as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 8th Day of June next.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt Thomas Furnaſs (Partner with Robert Furnaſs) of Cannon-ſtreet, London, Broker, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Hon. Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid Thomas Furnaſs hath conformed to the Directions of ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 8th Day of June next.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt Robert Furnaſs, (Partner with Thomas Furnaſs) of Cannon-ſtreet, London, Broker, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honourable Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid Thomas Furnaſs hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by Virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 8th Day of June next.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt Thomas Spencer Dunn (Partner with John Yate, Samuel Hilton Parker, and Thomas Yate) late of Liverpool in the County of Lancaſter, Merchant, have certified to the Right Honourable Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid Thomas Spencer Dunn hath conformed himſelf to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 8th Day of June next.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt Thomas Cole, of Lower Eaſton in the Pariſh of Saint George in the County of Glouceſter, Clothier, have certified to the Right Hon. Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid Thomas Cole hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice that, by Virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 8th Day of June inſtant.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt William Wilſon, of Huddersfield in the County of York, Clothier, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Hon. Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid William Wilſon hath conformed according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice that, by Virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 8th Day of June next.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt Henry Bagſhaw, of Watling-ſtreet in the City of London, Tea-broker, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honourable Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid Henry Bagſhaw hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 8th Day of June next.

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SUPPLEMENT
TO
The London Gazette
Of SATURDAY, MAY 18, 1782.

Published by Authority.

Admiralty-Office, May 18, 1782.

CAPTAIN Ball, late of His Majesty's Ship the Superb, arrived early on the 16th Instant, with Dispatches from Vice-Admiral Sir Edward Hughes, Knight of the Bath, and Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Ships in the East-Indies, to Mr. Stephens, of which the following is an Extract.

Extract of a Letter from Vice-Admiral Sir Edward Hughes, to Mr. Stephens, dated on Board the Superb in Trincamale Bay, the 15th of January, 1782.

I HAD the Honor to address you for their Lordships Information by Letter of the 18th of October last, in which I informed their Lordships, that Major-General Sir Hector Munro, K. B. was sent to take the Command of the Company's Troops in the Tanjore Country, and to co-operate with His Majesty's Squadron under my Command, in the Attack of Negapatam; that I was in Hope we should be able to reduce it, although the Garrison was reinforced by a large Detachment of Hyder Ally's Troops, and the Fortifications considerably strengthened by new Works: That it was true the Season for Military Operations on the Coast was far advanced, and the Shift of the Monsoon at Hand; but, that for a Place of so much Consequence to the Company's and National Interests as Negapatam truly was, something must be risqued. Accordingly the Company's Troops appeared at Nagore on the Sea Coast, on the 21st of October, and Major-General Sir Hector Munro immediately landed from the Superb, to take the Command of them; the same Day the whole Corps of Marines of the Squadron, amounting to 443, Officers included, landed and joined the Company's Troops; and on the 22d a Battalion of Seamen from the Squadron, consisting of 827, including Officers, was also landed: The Whole under the Command of the Captains Thomas Mackenzie, of His Majesty's Ship Active, Captain Alexander M'Coy, of the Exeter, and Captain Henry Reynolds, of the Combustion Fire ship, with Orders to co-operate with Major-General Sir Hector Munro to the utmost, in all Measures for the Attack of the Place: In the mean Time the heavy Cannon for the Attack, consisting of Four Eighteen-pounder and Two Twelve-pounder Iron Guns from the Transports, with Twelve Eighteen-pounders from the Ships of the Squadron, Two Ten Inch and Six Five and an Half Inch Mortars with their Carriages, a proportionable Number of Shot, Shells, Powder, and every essential Store were landed through a great Surf by the Boats of the Squadron, and on Rafts or Catamarans, made for that Purpose, with incredible Fatigue to the Men, and equal Spirit and Alacrity, under the Superintendance of Captain Ball of the Superb, who had great Merit in this Department of severe Duty.

On the Night of the 29th of October, the strong Lines which the Enemy had thrown up, flanked by Redoubts, to cover and defend the Approach to the Town, were stormed and carried by our Troops, in which the Seamen and Marines bore a principal Part, and distinguished themselves for steady and determined Bravery.

On the 3d of November the General opened Ground against the North Face of the Fort, and the Approaches were carried on with great Rapidity, in which the Seamen and Marines worked with Readiness and Effect. On the 5th I moved with a Part of the Squadron nearer the Fort on the Flank of our Lines, and on the 6th landed early in the Morning, to concert with the General the best Means of carrying on the Siege with Vigour, and returned on Board the Superb the same Evening.

On the 7th a Battery of 10 Eighteen-pounders, within 300 Paces of the Walls of the Place, being ready to open, I thought it proper to send the following Summons, jointly with the General, to the Governor.

Camp before Negapatam, November 7, 1781.

SIR,

AS we are perfectly informed of the Weakness of the Town and Citadel of Negapatam, and the Smallness of the Garrison you have to defend it against the Ships and Troops of His Britannic Majesty, and the East India Company, under our Command; of whose great Superiority in proportioned Numbers and Discipline you cannot be ignorant.

We are induced from Motives of Humanity, in order to avoid the Effusion of Blood, and of Regard to you and the Inhabitants of the Place, to prevent, if in our Power, the Distresses and Calamities that may befal you and them, to demand of you the immediate Surrender of the Place, on such Terms as appear to us reasonable and consistent, and you and we may agree upon. For this Purpose we give Two Hours from the Time this Summons is delivered to you, to deliberate on an Answer. If you agree to surrender on Capitulation, Commissioners are immediately to be sent on your Part to the General in Camp; but if you reject the Offer now made you, the Batteries will immediately open against

againſt your Walls, and you will yourſelf be the Cauſe of more diſadvantageous Terms at a later Day. We have the Honour to be, with great Regard, &c. &c. &c

Signed EDWARD HUGHES.
HECTOR MONRO.

Reynier Van Viſſengen, Governor of Negapatam.

Anſ. the Governor being indiſpoſed, received from the Second in Command the following Anſwer:

To the Honourable Sir Edward Hughes, Knight of the Bath, Vice-Admiral of the Blue, Commander of His Britannic Majeſty's Naval Forces, and the Honourable Sir Hector Munro, Commander of His Britannic Majeſty's Military Forces, &c. &c.

SIRS,

I HAVE had the Honour juſt now to receive the Letter you was pleaſed to write me, containing the Summation to deliver over this Place.

And as I am obliged by Honour and Oath to defend this Place with all my Power, I cannot enter into any Agreement regarding the Surrendering of the ſame, but ſhall, when you reſolve to attack me, defend myſelf with the Forces that I have on Hand.

I have the Honour to be, SIRS, with great Reſpect,

Your moſt humble obedient Servant, (by the Indiſpoſition of the Governor)

(Signed) MOSSEL.

Negapatam, November 7, 1781.

During the Courſe of the Siege the Enemy made Two deſperate Sallies with the greater Part of the Garriſon, but were both Times beat back into the Town with much Loſs. In the Afternoon of the 10th, the Breaching Battery being ready, Four Eighteen pounders were got into it, and opened on the Face of the Baſtion intended to be breached with good Effect; in the Night Four more Eighteen Pounders were got into the ſame Battery, and all opened on the Breach Baſtion at Day-light, and ſoon after the Enemy demanded a Parley, and ſent out Two Commiſſioners to the General in Camp with Terms of Capitulation, which the General did me the Honor to ſend off on Board the Superb. In the mean Time Hoſtilities ceaſed on both Sides, and early on the Morning of the 12th I landed and went to Camp, and, with the General, received the Commiſſaries there about Ten o'Clock, when the following Capitulation was agreed to, and, after being ſent into the Town to be ratified by the Governor and his Council, was counterſigned by the General and myſelf at Two o'Clock, and the Gates of both the Town and Citadel were put in Poſſeſſion of our Troops.

Articles of Capitulation between Vice-Admiral Sir Edward Hughes, K. B. Commander in Chief of His Majeſty's Squadron in the Eaſt Indies, Major-General Sir Hector Munro, K. B. Commander of the India Company's Land Forces, and Reynier Van Viſſengen, Governor of Negapatam, and Director for the Affairs of the Netherland India Company on the Coaſt of Coromandel, and his Council.

Preliminary.

THE Honourable Governor and Council of Negapatam propoſe to Vice-Admiral Sir Edward Hughes, K. B. Commander in Chief of all His Britannic Majeſty's Ships and Veſſels in the Eaſt Indies, and Major-General Sir Hector Munro, K. B. commanding the Land Forces on the Attack of Negapatam, to ſurrender the ſaid Town and Citadel to them, on the Conditions included in the following Articles.

Art. I. The Officers and Garriſon of Negapatam ſhall march out at the China Gate with their Arms, Baggage, Colours flying, Drums beating, and Two Pieces of Cannon, with lighted Match, and Neceſſaries.

Anſwered. Granted; but to pile their Arms, and lay down their Colours and Drums, ſo ſoon as they paſs the Gate. If by Neceſſaries is meant the Soldiers Neceſſaries, they will be allowed them.

Art. II. All Officers and Soldiers in the Garriſon ſhall be ſubſiſted at the Expence of the Honourable Engliſh Eaſt India Company, and ſent on Board Engliſh Ships as conveniently and expeditiouſly as poſſible to Columbo or Batavia.

Anſwered. All Officers and Soldiers who ſurrender Priſoners of War will be maintained, and a particular Account of the Expence kept, in order that the States General, or Dutch Eaſt India Company, may hereafter make it good to the Engliſh Eaſt India Company. This Article to be granted in no other Form.

Art. III. The aforeſaid Officers and Soldiers ſhall carry with them all their Effects without Examination, alſo their Servants and Slaves, and thoſe that are married ſhall have Liberty to take with them their Families.

Anſwered. Granted, provided the Second Article is agreed to.

Art. IV. The Governor and Members of the Council, all Civil and Mercantile Servants, Eccleſiaſtics and Sea-faring Perſons, and all others who are in the Service of the Netherlands Company, alſo all Inhabitants of Negapatam, Europeans and Natives, ſhall remain in their full perſonal Liberty and Poſſeſſion of their Properties moveable or immoveable, Merchandize, and other Effects, without being therein moleſted, or any other Impediment brought on the ſame, on any Reaſon whatever.

Anſwered. Granted, with Exception of their perſonal Liberty.

Art. V. The Governor, the Members of the Council, all Civil and Mercantile Servants, the Eccleſiaſticks, Sea faring Perſons, and all others who are in the Service of the Dutch Company, ſhall have Liberty to go to Batavia or Columbo, with their Families, Male and Female Slaves, Effects and Property, for which Purpoſe they ſhall be furniſhed with good and ſufficient Shipping at the Expence of the Engliſh Eaſt India Company.

Anſwered. Inadmiſſible, except the Security of their Families, Male and Female Servants, and Property.

Art. VI. The Capitals belonging to the Orphan-Houſe and Poor of the Church ſhall not be confiſcated, nor the Payments ceaſe, as being Monies belonging to Orphans and the Poor.

Anſwered. Granted.

Article VII. All Officers and Civil Servants of the Dutch Company, who ſhall have an Inclination to remain in the Place, or to eſtabliſh themſelves as private Inhabitants, ſhall be permitted to do ſo under the Protection of the Britiſh Flag.

Anſwered. All Inhabitants of Negapatam, who chuſe to continue Inhabitants, ſhall be permitted to remain there, with Security to their Perſons and Properties, under the Protection of the Britiſh Flag, on ſuch Inhabitants taking the Oath of Allegiance to His Britannic Majeſty, the Military only excepted.

Art. VIII. All Merchandize, Ammunition of War, Artillery, Arms, Proviſions, and all and every

every the Effects belonging to the Dutch East India Company, or the States Genaral, and found in this Place, shall be uprightly delivered over, by a just Inventory, to the Commissaries who shall be appointed to receive them; of which Inventory Copies shall be delivered to the Admiral and General.

Answered. Agreed.

Art. IX. The Fortifications, the Government House, the Magazines, and all other public Buildings of the Dutch Company, shall be kept in their preient State, and shall not be demolished.

Answered. Inadmissible.

Art. X. The free Exercise and Liberty of the Reformed Religion, according to the Practice of the Dutch Church, shall be permitted, and the Church continued to its Possessors.

Answered. Granted.

Art. XI. The Romish Church and Gentoo Pagodas shall continue to enjoy all the Prerogatives they enjoyed under the Dutch Government.

Answered. Granted, as far as is consistent with the Nature of the English Government.

Article XII. All Charters, Resolutions, and other Papers belonging to the Government of Negapatam, shall be delivered, without any Examination, to Governor Van Vlissengen, that he may carry them with him to whatever Place he goes to.

Answered. Granted; but subject to Examination, as far as relates to Public Funds, Public Monies, Treasury Accounts, and Rents arising from the Districts belonging to Negapatam, whether by Duties or otherwise; all other Papers to be delivered to Governor Van Vlissengen.

Art. XIII. No Person shall be lodged in the Government House so long as Mr. Van Vlissengen remains at Negapatam, but he shall be permitted to dwell therein unmolested.

Answered. Granted.

Art. XIV. If any English Deserters are found in Negapatam, they shall be pardoned.

Answered. Granted.

Art. XV. All Public Papers, Notorial or Secretary Acts, which in any Manner can serve to secure the peaceable Possession of the Inhabitants Property, shall be respected, and preserved entire under the Care of Persons now in that Trust.

Answered. Granted, as far as is consistent with the Nature of our Courts, and as long as the Person or Persons in such Trust behave with Propriety.

Art. XVI. The Auctioneer of this Settlement, the Sequestre, the Trustee of the deceased, shall be permitted to recover their outstanding Debts, and protected and supported by Government.

Answered. Granted.

Art. XVII. After this Capitulation shall be signed, the China Gate shall be delivered to an English Guard of Fifty Men, and a Dutch Guard of the same Number shall also remain there, with Orders to both not to suffer any Dutch Soldier to pass out, nor any English to go in, and next Day the Gates shall be delivered to the English Troops, when the Garrison of Negapatam shall retire to their Casserns or Barracks, and remain there till their Departure for Batavia or Columbo, delivering up their Arms, the Officers only to be permitted their Swords.

Answered. Whatever Guards are thought Necessary to take Possession of the Fort and Citadel of Negapatam, must be suffered to march in, and the Gates delivered over, in one Hour after the Capitulation is signed.

Art. XVIII. All the Dutch Company's Servants, Civil and Military, Seafaring and other Persons receiving Pay, shall be maintained by the English Company until they are carried to Batavia or Columbo.

Answered. Answered by the Second Article.

Art. XIX. All the Sick and Wounded now in the Hospital shall be cured and maintained at the Expence of the English Company.

Answered. All the Sick and Wounded found in the Hospital shall be taken proper Care of. The rest of this Article answered by the Second Article.

Article XX. To all the Aid Troops belonging to the Nabob Hyder Ally Cawn Bahaudre, which are in this Place, a free Pass to Combiconum shall be granted.

Answered. Granted, on delivering up their Arms, and proceeding to Hyder's Country, not to Combiconum.

Art. XXI. Messr. Joan Daniel Simons, Peter William Geeke, Isaac Reynier Simons, John Jochim Hartz, who are now in the Camp of the Nabob Hyder Ally Cawn, shall also enjoy the full Grant and Force of this Capitulation.

Answered. Granted, provided they leave Hyder's Camp and return with all Expedition to Negapatam, or surrender themselves at Madrass.

Art. XXII. This Capitulation and Terms therein expressed, shall be strictly observed, and with good Faith, by both parties; for which Purpose it shall be reciprocally signed and exchanged by the Admiral and General, and the Governor and Council of Negapatam.

Agreed.

Done in Camp, before Negapatam, this 12th November, 1781.

EDWARD HUGHES.
HECTOR MUNRO.

Reynier V. Vlissengen	*P. Erslalm,*
S. Mossel,	*Mr. Stoffenburg,*
F. Wm. Bboeme,	*John Accama.*

The Garrison consisted in all of about 8000 Men, of which about 500 European, Regular, and Militia, 700 Malayas, 4500 Sepoys, and 2300 of Hyder Ally's Troops, of whom 1000 were Cavalry, and run away on the first Charge at the Attack of the Enemy's Lines, and never came near the Place after, but kept at a Distance, plundering and burning the Villages; and most of the Malayes and Sepoys threw away their Arms, and deserted the Garrison through the Western Gate, in the Night between the 11th and 12th, during the Truce.

A Return of the Warlike Stores found in the Town and Citadel of Negapatam, when surrendered on the 12th of November, 1781, to Vice-Admiral Sir Edward Hughes, K. B. and Major-General Sir Hector Munro, K. B. and the King's and Company's Troops under their Command.

IRON ORDNANCE.

Serviceable. 1 Twenty-four Pounder, 6 Eighteen Pounders, 5 Fifteen Pounders, 5 Fourteen Pounders, 97 Twelve Pounders, 13 Nine Pounders, 25 Eight Pounders, 24 Six Pounders, 4 Two and Half Pounders, 2 Two Pounders, 6 One Pounder. Total 188.

Unserviceable. 2 Fourteen Pounders, 5 Twelve Pounders. Total 7.

BRASS ORDNANCE.

Serviceable. 1 Twelve Pounder, 4 Nine Pounders, 3 Five Pounders, 4 Four Pounder, 3 One Pounders, 1 Half Pounder. Total 16.

BRASS.

BRASS MORTARS.

Unserviceable. 1 Twelve and Half Inch.
Serviceable. 2 Ten Inch. 5 Four Inch. Total 7.

SHOT.

Round. 7 Thirty-six Pounders, 778 Eighteen Pounders, 92 Fourteen Pounders, 520 Twelve Pounders, 3 Nine Pounders, 1389 Eight Pounders, 209 Seven Pounders, 1501 Six Pounders, 26 Five Pounders, 96 Four Pounders, 2 Three Pounders, 183 Two and Half Pounders, 65 One and Half Pounders, 127 One Pounders.

Grape. 1 Sixteen Pounder, 16 Fourteen Pounders, 7 Twelve Pounders, 1 Eight Pounder, 2 Six Pounders, 21 Five Pounders, 15 Four Pounders, 16 Two and Half Pounders, 3 One Pounders, 348 Half Pounders.

SHELLS.

449 Twelve Pounders, 297 Ten Pounders, 300 Six Pounders, 80 Five Pounders, 98 Four Pounders, 698 Three and Three Quarters Pounders.

Hand Grenadoes 1720.
Gunpowder, 60lb. Barrels 277.
Match Bundles 187.
Spunges complete 170.
Ladles 57.
Handheavers 269.
Muſquets (ſerviceable) 3346.
Bayonets 3090.
Piſtols 38.
Swords 1514.
Sabres 33.
Matchlocks 280.
Spontoons 59.
Pikes 50.
Sword Blades 190.
Cartouch Boxes (ſerviceable) 152.
Ditto (unſerviceable) 1220.
Muſquets (unſerviceable) 104.
Locks 37.
Slings 270.
Powder Horns 6.
Sword Belts 150.
Iron Ramrods 358.
Muſquet Barrels 157.
Fuzes ſpare for Shells 600.
Leather Buckets 28.
Linſtocks 6.
Scabbards for Swords 134.
Ditto for Bayonets 1400.
Copper Meaſures for Powder 12.
Grindſtone 1.
Flints 7000.
Iron Crows 49.
Pickaxes 42.
Braſs Caſes for Cartridges 66.
Drums complete 20
Drum Heads ſpare 500.
Drum Cords 8.
Iron Breaſt Plates 200.
Inſtruments uſed in the Laboratory,
Limbers 2.
Tumbrils 2.
Trail Carriages (ſerviceable) 149.
Ditto (unſerviceable) 27.
Field Cartridges 2.
Mortar Beds (ſerviceable) 3.
Ditto (unſerviceable) 3.
Trucks (ſerviceable) 6.
Ditto (unſerviceable) 3.
Pairs of Colours 2.
Brimſtone 500 Weight.

Signed, *Arthur Cuthbert*, Commiſſary for the King.
Wm. Michell, Ditto for the Company.

The Squadron loſt in this Service 17 Seamen killed, and 27 wounded; 13 Marines killed, and 29 wounded; moſt of the wounded have ſince died of their Wounds, and many, both Seamen and Marines, were carried off ſuddenly by violent Cramps and Spaſms brought on by Wet and Fatigue.

From the 12th to the 29th of November the Weather was ſo tempeſtuous, that it was with the greateſt Difficulty and Riſque I could embark ſome of the Military Priſoners from the Port of Nagore to Windward on board His Majeſty's Ship the Active, and the Company's Snow Panther; and on the 19th, there being every Appearance of an approaching Gale of Wind, the Squadron put to Sea, and ſtood to the N. E. under their Courſes until the Weather became more moderate, and the Whole returned to Negapatam Road on the 23d, except the Company's Ships Neptune and Royal Admiral.

On the 24th and 25th, the Weather being more moderate, I was enabled to embark the Whole of the Seamen and Marines, who had done Duty on Shore during the Siege, on board their reſpective Ships; and the remaining Part of the Military Priſoners being embarked on the Active and Panther, they ſailed for Madraſs on the 4th of December.

From that Period to the End of the Month we experienced all the Viciſſitudes of Monſoon Weather, much Wind, heavy Rains, and now and then a fair Day, of which we took the Advantage to get Proviſions and Water on board the Ships, and embark the Dutch Company's Civil Servants from the late Governor downward, in all 56, on board the Company's Ship Rochford, and ſhe ſailed with them for Madraſs on the 23d of the Month.

A Detachment of the Company's Land Forces being granted me for the Purpoſe of garriſoning Trincamalé, if taken, conſiſting of an Officer and 30 European and Native Artillery, and about 500 Volunteer Seapoys, under a Captain and Five Subalterns, they were embarked on board the Ships of the Squadron and the Company's Ship Eſſex accordingly; and I ſailed with His Majeſty's Ships and Tranſports as per Margin * from Negapatam Road, the 2d of this Month, and arrived in this Bay on the 4th, where I found Captain Montague in His Majeſty's Ship the Sea-horſe, who had been ſtationed off this Place ever ſince the 21ſt of Auguſt laſt, to block up the Dutch Ships in the Harbour.

On the 5th in the Morning I began to diſembark the Troops with all the Boats in the Squadron, Six large Chilingas and Four large Rafts or Catamarans; the Chillingas and Catamarans were brought from Negapatam for this Purpoſe. The Marines, with 2 Six Pounder Field Pieces mounted, a Detachment of Artillery, and Two Companies of Seapoys as Pioneers landed firſt, about Three Miles from Trincamalé Fort, without any Reſiſtance; the Battalion of Seamen, conſiſting of the ſame Number of Officers and Men as at the Attack of Negapatam, were landed immediately after the Marines, and joined them, the Company's Sepoys followed them, and the Whole were landed before Dark under the Command of Captain John Gell of His Majeſty's Ship Monarca, aſſiſted by Captain Montagu of the Seahorſe and Captain Reynolds of the Combuſtion Fireſhip: The Seamen and Marines, with the Guns and Pioneers, immediately formed, and marched forward toward Trincamalé Fort; and the ſame Night the Grenadier Company of Marines with the Guns made themſelves Maſters of the Fort, by puſhing reſolutely on

* Superb, Monarca, Exeter, Worceſter, Burford, Eagle, Combuſtion Fireſhip, Nymph Sloop, Eſſex Company's Ship, Expedition Brig.

on through the Gateway, while the Governor was drawing up on Paper the Terms of Capitulation which he meant to propoſe. In this Fort, which commanded the only Place where Proviſions and Stores could be landed from the Ships, were found Ten Iron Guns of different Calibers, and three Officers with Forty Men were made Priſoners; and I learned from the Priſoners, that the Enemy's whole remaining Strength was drawn into Oſtenburgh Fort, on the Top of a high Hill which commanded the Harbour, and had an open Communication with their Ships.

On the 6th we began to land the requiſite Stores, Proviſions and Baggage, for the Troops at Trincamalé Fort; and on the 7th the Field Officers, with Major Geils the Engineer, were employed in reconnoitering to find the beſt Road to the Heights. On the 8th, the Whole marched toward a high Hill which commanded Oſtenburgh Fort, on the Top of which the Enemy had a Poſt with an Officer's Guard. This Poſt a Detachment of Seamen and Marines drove the Enemy from on the ſame Night, and took Poſſeſſion of it within 200 Yards of Oſtenburgh Fort; and I ordered Colonel Gell to ſend the following Summons of Surrender to the Governor the Morning of the 9th.

Superb, in Trincamalé Bay, January 9, 1782.

SIR,

AS I am perfectly informed of the Weakneſs of your Fort, and the very ſmall Number of Men you have to defend it againſt the Ships and Troops of His Britannic Majeſty and the Eaſt-India Company under my Command, of whoſe great Superiority, both in proportioned Numbers and Diſcipline, you cannot be ignorant.

I am induced from Motives of Humanity, in order to avoid the Effuſion of Blood, and of Regard to you and the Inhabitants of the Place, to prevent, if in my Power, the Diſtreſſes and Calamities that may befall you and them, to demand of you the immediate Surrender of Fort Oſtenburgh and its Dependencies, with the Ships and Veſſels in Trincamalé Harbour, on ſuch Terms as appear to me reaſonable and conſiſtent, and you and I may agree upon: For this Purpoſe I give you Two Hours from the Time this Summons is delivered to you, to deliberate and return me an Anſwer. If you agree to ſurrender on Capitulation, Commiſſioners are immediately to be ſent on your Part to Colonel Gell, Commander of the Forces on Shore, who will ſend them in Safety to me; but, if you reject the Offer now made you, you yourſelf will be the Cauſe of Lives loſt, and more diſadvantageous Terms at a later Day.

I am, SIR,
Your moſt obedient humble Servant,
(Signed) EDW. HUGHES.

Albertus Homæd, Eſq;
Governor of Fort Oſtenburgh.

To which, in about Two Hours, I received the following Anſwer.

January 9, 1782.

Honored Excellency,

IN anſwer to your Excellency's Letter of Summons of the 9th of this Month, received by me but now a little before Seven o'Clock in the Morning; I have to inform you, that, by every poſſible Means in my Power, it is my Duty to be faithful to my Maſters, and for that Reaſon I have reſolved not to ſurrender Fort Oſtenburgh, but to defend it to the laſt againſt all Attempts that may be made to take it.

I am, *Honored Excellency,*
Your Excellency's humble Servant,
(Signed) ALBERTUS HOMŒD.

Vice-Admiral Sir Edward Hughes, K. B. &c.

Major Geils, who carried the Summons, reported to me, that it was his Opinion the Place might be taken by Aſſault; and I was the more diſpoſed to this Mode of Attack, as heavy Cannon for Battery could not be got up the Hill without much Labour and Loſs of Time, which laſt I could not afford; but, being deſirous not to riſque a Repulſe, I wrote another Summons to the Governor as follows:

Superb in Trincamalé Bay, January 9, 1782.

SIR,

I HAVE received the Honor of your Anſwer of this Date to my Summons of the 9th of this Month, and am greatly ſurpriſed at your Imprudence in expoſing the Lives of the few Men, Women and Children ſhut up with you in Fort Oſtenburgh to the Certainty of a Storm, which no Duty you owe your Employers can warrant.

My former Attachment to you and your Family, as well as other Acquaintances at this Place, induces me to warn you of the imminent Danger you run of this Fate, by attempting to defend a Place not defenſible, and you ſee the Engliſh Troops in Poſſeſſion of the Heights which command the Fort: If after this friendly Advice you perſiſt to refuſe the Surrender of the Place on reaſonable Terms, which I now offer you, you muſt take the Conſequence, without laying any Act of Inhumanity to my Charge.

I am, with Regard,
SIR,
Your moſt obedient humble Servant,
(Signed) EDW. HUGHES.

Albertus Homæd, Eſq;
Governor of Fort Oſtenburgh.

And determined, if the Governor refuſed to capitulate, and the Major continued in his Opinion of the Practicability of taking the Fort by Aſſault, to order it to be aſſaulted, being fully ſatisfied of the Steadineſs and Bravery of our Men, and that, if practicable, they would ſucceed. The Governor ſent me the following Anſwer to my ſecond Summons:

Oſtenburgh, January 10, 1782.

Moſt Generous Sir,

YOUR Excellency's Letter of Yeſterday was delivered into my Hands this Morning at Ten o'Clock, in Anſwer to which I am to acknowledge your Excellency's good Will to me perſonally, and all the People in this Place; but, I am under the Neceſſity of informing your Excellency, that my Orders from my Superiors is to defend the Place where I now command to the laſt. If I failed in this I could not anſwer to them for my Conduct, and this I leave to your Excellency's Conſideration.

I am, with much Reſpect,
Moſt generous Sir,
Your Excellency's moſt humble Servant,
(Signed) ALBERTUS HOMŒD.

His Excellency the generous, brave and illuſtrious Sir Edward Hughes, K. B. Commander in Chief of His Britannic Majeſty's Squadron in Trincamale Bay.

Major Geils perſiſting in his Opinion, that the lower Part of the Fort might be taken by Aſſault, although not ſo clear reſpecting a Cavalier very high, mounting Six Pieces of Cannon, the Aſſault was ordered, and the neceſſary Diſpoſitions made for the Attack, to begin at Day-light in the Morning of the 11th; and accordingly the Storming Party, compoſed of 450 Seamen and Marines, and their Officers, with each Flank covered by a Company of Pioneers, and 20 Seamen carrying the Scaling Ladders, and armed with Cutlaſſes, with a Reſerve of Three Companies of Seamen, and Three Companies of Marines, with Two Field Pieces to ſupport it, followed by the Company's Troops, advanced at Day-light towards the Fort, and the Serjeant's Party in Front getting in at the Embraſures unperceived by the Enemy, was immediately followed by the Whole of our Storming Party, who ſoon drove the Enemy from their Works, and poſſeſſed themſelves of the Fort; and all the Ships and Veſſels in the Harbour immediately ſurrendered.

In this Aſſault I had the Misfortune to loſe Lieutenant George Long, my ſecond Lieutenant, a moſt worthy and deſerving Officer, who was killed in advancing bravely to the Aſſault at the Head of his Company, and alſo Twenty Non-commiſſioned and private Seamen and Marines; Lieutenant Wolſeley, who commanded a Company of Seamen, Lieutenant Samuel Orr of the Marines, who commanded their Grenadier Company, and did Duty as Brigade-Major, and 40 Non-commiſſioned and private Seamen and Marines were wounded. The Enemy loſt but few Men, as they moſtly threw down their Arms, and their forfeited Lives were ſpared by that Diſpoſition to Mercy which ever diſtinguiſhes Britons.—The following is a Return of the Warlike Stores found in Fort Oſtenburgh.

Return of Ordnance and Warlike Stores found in Fort Oſtenburgh and Trincamalé, the 16th of January, 1782.

FORT OSTENBURGH.

Braſs Guns mounted. 3 Twenty-four Pounders, 1 Three Pounder, 3 Two Pounders.

Iron Guns mounted. 11 Twenty Pounders, 12 Eighteen Pounders, 3 Sixteen Pounders, 2 Fourteen Pounders, 12 Twelve Pounders, 6 Eight Pounders, 6 Six Pounders, 2 Four Pounders, 1 Two Pounder.

Braſs Swivel Guns. 3 One Pounders.

Iron Swivel Guns. 5 One Pounders.

Iron Guns not mounted. 3 Sixteen Pounders, 1 Twelve Pounder, 1 One Pounder.

Braſs Mortars with Beds. 2 Nine Inch, 1 Seven and Half Inch, 1 Five Inch.

Braſs Cohorns. 2 Four Inch Pounders.

Round Shot. 376 Twenty-four Pounders, 574 Twenty Pounders, 1454 Eighteen Pounders, 4233 Twelve Pounders, 1633 Eight Pounders, 338 Six Pounders, 365 Three Pounders, 383 Two Pounders, 419 One Pounder.

Double-headed Shot. 700 Eighteen Pounders, 737 Twelve Pounders, 406 Eight Pounders, 82 Three Pounders.

Shells unfilled. 309 Nine Inch, 147 Seven and Half Inch, 553 Five Inch, 131 Four Inch.

Hand Granadoes unfilled. 339.

Grape Shot 100 Eighteen Pounders, 9 Twelve Pounders, 78 Eight Pounders, 132 Six Pounders, 25 Three Pounders, 15 Two Pounders, 124 One Pounder.

Muſquets with Bayonets. 700.

Ditto without Bayonets. 752.

Muſquet Ball Cartridges. 10000.

Muſquet Flints. 400.

Gunpowder. 14000 Pounds.

FORT TRINCAMALE.

Iron Guns diſmounted. 5 Eight Pounders.

Ditto mounted. 5 Twelve Pounders.

Round Shot. 50 Twelve Pounders, 50 Eight Pounders.

Gunpowder. 1200 Pounds.

Muſquets. 20.

Signed, THOMAS SUTLIFF.

Priſoners taken in the Garriſon.

The Governor, 1 Captain, 2 Lieutenants, 3 Enſigns, 250 European Infantry, 1 Captain-Lieutenant and Engineer, 2 Subalterns, 50 European Artillery, 55 Seamen from the Ships, and 10 Artificers, 1 Captain, 1 Lieutenant, 2 Enſigns, Malyes.

In the Harbour we found two of the Enemy's Ships, one the Company's, the other private, both richly laden, and ſeveral ſmall Veſſels of no Conſequence.

I beg you will alſo acquaint their Lordſhips, that the Whole of the Officers who have been landed from the Squadron, for the Attack of Negapatam, and this Place, have on all Occaſions manifeſted much Honor, Courage, and good Conduct, and the Private Seamen, and Marines, have acted with great Steadineſs and Bravery. The public Service has received great Aſſiſtance from Major Geils, an excellent Officer and able Engineer in the Company's Service, who conducted, as Engineer in Chief, the Attacks of Negapatam and this Place with much Spirit and Propriety; and I have the Pleaſure to aſſure their Lordſhips that the moſt perfect Harmony has ſubſiſted between the Officers and Men of His Majeſty's Squadron, and thoſe of the Company's Forces co-operating with them.

As the Knowledge of theſe Succeſſes by which the Dutch are driven entirely from the Coaſt of Coromandel, and a fair Beginning made towards getting Poſſeſſion of all their valuable Settlements on the Iſland of Ceylon, may be attended with many good Conſequences to the Public, I have ordered His Majeſty's Sloop the Nymph, Captain John Sutton, Commander, late my Firſt Lieutenant, to proceed to England immediately; and I have delivered to Captain Henry Ball, my Captain in the Suberb, who has been of infinite Uſe to the Service in ſuperintending the Landing the heavy Guns, Stores, Proviſions, and other Articles, both at Nagapatam, and at this Place) my Letters for their Lordſhips, and the Earl of Hillſborough, with the Colours of the Citadel of Negapatam and of Fort Oſtenburgh, which I requeſt their Lordſhips will permit him to lay at His Majeſty's Feet.

Extract of a Letter from Vice-Admiral Sir Edward Hughes, K. B. Commander in Chief of His Majeſty's Ships and Veſſels in the Eaſt Indies, to the Earl of Hillſborough, dated Superb, in Trincamalé Bay, January 17, 1782.

I AM happy to obſerve to your Lordſhip, that the Fall of Negapatam fully anſwered my Expectations, for immediately after, Hyder Ally's Troops evacuated all the Forts and ſtrong Poſts they held in the Tanjore Country, and the Polygars, or Petty Princes, in the Marawa and Trinavilly Provinces, who, at the Inſtigation of Hyder, had rebelled againſt the Nabob of the Carnatic, and taken up Arms againſt us, are returning to their Obedience on the beſt Terms they can make for themſelves.

Extract

Extract of a Letter from Sir Hector Munro, K. B. to the Earl of Hillsborough, dated Negapatam, November 24, 1781.

I HAVE the Honor to inform your Lordship of the Success of His Majesty's Troops and those of the East India Company against Negapatam, which surrendered the 12th Instant by Capitulation to Vice-Admiral Sir Edward Hughes, Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Ships and Forces by Sea before Negapatam, and to me who had the Honor of commanding the Troops that besieged it by Land.

Sir Edward blocked it up by Sea from the 8th of July to the 12th of this Month, the Day on which it surrendered.

The Reduction of this Fortress at this Period is of the utmost Consequence to the Public, as it is to the Interests of the East-India Company, for should the French and Dutch, or either of them, in Force come to the Corramandel Coast, Negapatam would not only have been their Arsenal and Granary, but the Place from whence they would have commenced all their intended Operations against the Company's Forts and Possessions in this Part of India, and would have been of as much Consequence as Pondichery would have been, had it not been taken and demolished.

I inclose your Lordship a Return of the Killed, Wounded and Missing during the Siege; the Strength of the Garrison which defended Negapatam, and a Return of the Troops that attacked it: All which I have to request you may be pleased to lay before the King, and to make known to His Majesty the good Conduct and gallant Behaviour of both Officers and Men on every Occasion during the Siege.

Permit me, my Lord, to express the great Satisfaction, as well as the Support I received from the Co-operation of Sir Edward Hughes during the Siege, which I could not carry on but for the Assistance of the Squadron. His Zeal for the Public Service, and his Knowledge of the Advantages which must arise from the Reduction of Negapatam, made the Admiral not only indefatigable in landing the Troops, Ordnance, and Stores, but he exerted himself with great Vigour and Dispatch to forward our Operations by Land, insomuch that he justly merits His Majesty's Approbation, the Thanks of the Public, and of the East-India Company.

This Dispatch will be delivered to your Lordship by Major Giels. Captain Ball, the Admiral's Captain, carries Home the Colours of Negapatam, to have the Honour of laying them at His Majesty's Feet.

Return of the Killed, Wounded, and Missing of different Corps in the Army under the Command of Major General Sir Hector Munro, Knight of the Bath, in the Attack of the Enemy's Redoubts, and during the Siege of Negapatam, November 13, 1781.

Navy Battalion. 1 Serjeant, 11 Privates, killed; 2 Ensigns, 1 Serjeant, 17 Privates, wounded.
Marine Corps. 1 Corporal, 3 Privates, killed; 1 Serjeant, 20 Privates, wounded.
Cavalry. 5 Sepoys wounded. 4 Horses killed, 3 wounded, 1 missing.
Artillery. 1 Lieutenant, 1 Serjeant, 4 Matrosses, 5 Sepoys, 2 Lascars, wounded.
European Infantry. 4 Privates wounded.
6th Battalion. 1 Naigues, 4 Sepoys, killed; 1 Jemidar, 2 Sepoys, wounded; 2 Sepoys missing.
7th Battalion. 2 Sepoys killed; 2 Naigues, 9 Sepoys, wounded; 1 Havildar, 5 Sepoys, missing.
10th Battalion. 1 Captain, wounded; 1 Subedar, killed; 2 Naigues, 9 Sepoys, wounded.
13th Battalion. 1 Drummer, killed; 7 Sepoys, wounded.
Tanjore Grenadiers. 2 Jemidars, 1 Sepoy, killed.
Pioneers. 1 Sepoy wounded
General Total of Europeans and Natives, killed, wounded, and missing, 133.

Signed, HECTOR MUNRO,
Major General.

Return of the Troops doing Duty on the Garrison of Negapatnam, when besieged and reduced by the Army under the Command of Major-General Sir Hector Munro, K. B. &c. Negapatam, November 19, 1781.

European Artillery. 1 Captain, 1 Captain-Lieutenant, 8 L. F. Workers, 10 Bombadiers, 3 Gunners, 52 Matrosses. Total 75.
European Infantry. 1 Major, 2 Captains, 2 Captain-Lieutenants, 6 Lieutenants, 14 Ensigns, 2 Adjutants, 29 Serjeants, 1 Corporal at Arms, 1 Drum-major, 1 Cadet, 1 Prevost, 40 Corporals, 12 Fifers, 19 Drummers, 157 Privates. Total 288. Musters 234. Total Europeans and Musters 522.
Maloys. 3 Captains, 3 Lieutenants, 6 Ensigns, 12 Serjeants, 14 Corporals, 1 Fifer, 2 Drummers, 277 Privates. Total 318.
Sepoys, &c. 10 Captains, 10 Lieutenantts, 20 Ensigns, 1 Adjutant, 66 Serjeants, 119 Corporals, 6 Fifers, 12 Drummers, 2442 Privates. Sepoys belonging to Hyder Ally 2600. Lascars 350. Total Malays and Natives 5954. General Total Europeans and Natives 6551.

N. B. 1000 Horses belonging to Hyder Ally encamped on the Glacis, and under Orders of the Governor, not included.

A true Copy of the original Return signed and given in by Governor Van Vlissengen,

(Signed) HECTOR MUNRO,
Arch. Brown, Adj. Gen. Major-General.

Return of the Army present at the Reduction of Negapatam, under the Command of Major-General Sir Hector Munro, K. B. November 19, 1781.

Staff. Total 21.
Navy Battalion. Fit for Duty 637; Sick 38.
Marine Corps. Fit for Duty 354; Sick 86.
European Infantry. Fit for Duty 34; Sick 11.
Engineers. 7.
Artillery, Effectives. Fit for Duty 30; Sick 6.
Ditto, Invalids. Fit for Duty 10; Sick 1.
Ditto, Natives. Fit for Duty 97; Sick 12.
Topasses. Fit for Duty 7; Sick 1.

Cavalry, with the Artillery and Infantry attached, chiefly consisting of Sepoys.

Cavalry. Fit for Duty 292; Sick 51.
Artillery. Fit for Duty 11; Sick 2.
Infantry. Fit for Duty 54; Sick 11.
Sepoys Corps, 6th Battalion. Fit for Duty 852; Sick 31.
Ditto, 7th Battalion. Fit for Duty 258; Sick 90.
Ditto, 10th Battalion. Fit for Duty 583; Sick 36.
Ditto, 13th Battalion. Fit for Duty 411; Sick 93.
Ditto, Detachment of the 18th Battalion. Fit for Duty 108; Sick 13.
Tanjore Grenadiers. Fit for Duty 615; Sick 38.
Light Infantry. Fit for Duty 682; Sick 25.
Detachment of the 9th Battalion, doing Duty as Pioneers. Fit for Duty 175; Sick 15.
Ditto of the 23d Ditto. Fit for Duty, 110; Sick 12.
The General's Guard consisting of Men belonging to different Corps with Sir Eyre Coote's Army. Fit for Duty 68.

Total 4215

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